

## Claims

- 1 1. A sensor system for recording environmental data measurements,  
2 comprising:  
3 a sensor for detecting environmental data;  
4 a controller for controlling the operation of the sensor, including:  
5 a front-end circuit coupled to the sensor;  
6 a loop filter coupled to the front-end circuit;  
7 a multiphase clock generator coupled to the front-end circuit and  
8 the loop filter; and  
9 a startup sequencer coupled to the loop filter; and  
a communication interface for coupling the sensor and the controller.
- 1 2. A controller for controlling the operation of a sensor, comprising:  
2 a front-end circuit coupled to the sensor;  
3 a loop filter coupled to the front-end circuit;  
4 a multiphase clock generator coupled to the front-end circuit and the loop  
5 filter;  
6 a startup sequencer coupled to the loop filter and the multiphase clock  
7 generator;  
8 a sensor simulator for simulating the performance of the sensor coupled to  
9 the startup sequencer, the multiphase clock generator, and the  
10 front-end circuit; and  
11 an overload detection device coupled to the loop filter and the startup  
12 sequencer.
- 1 3. A controller for controlling the operation of a sensor, comprising:  
2 a front-end circuit coupled to the sensor;  
3 a loop filter coupled to the front-end circuit;  
4 a multiphase clock generator coupled to the front-end circuit and the loop  
5 filter;

6        a startup sequencer coupled to the loop filter and the multiphase clock  
7        generator; and

8        an overload detection device coupled to the loop filter and the startup  
9        sequencer.

1    4. A front-end circuit for providing electrostatic forces and position sensing  
2        for a measurement mass in a sensor, comprising:  
3        a plurality of switches for controlling the operation of the sensor; and  
4        a sense amplifier for sensing the position of the measurement mass within  
5        the sensor.

1    5. A loop filter for providing control to a sensor system, comprising:  
2        one or more integrators for providing a signal for controlling the sensor  
3        system;  
4        one or more derivative controllers for providing a signal for controlling the  
5        sensor system;  
6        one or more proportional controllers for providing a signal for controlling  
7        the sensor system; and  
8        a summer for combining the signals from the integrators, the derivative  
9        controllers, and the proportional controllers.

1    6. A method of operating a loop filter within a sensor system, comprising:  
2        sending a signal to the loop filter indicating an operating mode of the  
3        sensor system;  
4        operating the loop filter in a reduced-order mode while the sensor  
5        system is operating in a start-up mode;  
6        operating the loop filter in the reduced-order mode for a predetermined  
7        period of time after the sensor system transitions from the start-  
8        up operating mode to a sigma-delta operating mode; and

9       operating the loop filter in a normal mode during the sigma-delta  
10      operating mode after the predetermined period of time during  
11      which the loop filter operates in reduced-order mode.

1    7. A method of operating a loop filter within a sensor system, comprising:  
2      sending a signal to the loop filter indicating an operating mode of the  
3      sensor system;  
4      operating the loop filter in a reduced-order mode while the sensor  
5      system is operating in a start-up mode;  
6      operating the loop filter in the reduced-order mode for a predetermined  
7      period of time after the sensor system switches from the start-up  
8      operating mode to a sigma-delta operating mode;  
9      operating the loop filter in the reduced-order mode while the sensor  
10     system is operating in the sigma-delta operating mode; and  
11     operating the loop filter in a normal mode while the sensor system  
12     operates in the sigma-delta operating mode after the  
13     predetermined period of time during which the loop filter  
14     operates in reduced-order mode.

1    8. A method of controlling the operation within a sensor system of a loop  
2      filter including one or more integrators, a proportional controller, and a  
3      derivative controller, comprising:  
4      sending a signal to the loop filter indicating the operating mode of the  
5      sensor system;  
6      holding the integrators in a reset mode to place the loop filter in a  
7      reduced-order operating mode when the sensor system is  
8      operating in a start-up mode; and  
taking the integrators out of the reset mode to place the loop filter in a  
normal operating mode when the sensor system is operating in a  
sigma-delta operating mode.

- 1 9. A method of placing a loop filter including one or more integrators, a  
2 proportional controller, and a derivative controller in a reduced-order  
3 operating mode, comprising:  
4 sending a signal to the loop filter to control the operating mode of the  
5 loop filter;  
6 holding the integrators within the loop filter in a reset mode to place the  
7 loop filter in the reduced-order operating mode.
- 1 10. A method of providing control to a sensor assembly, comprising:  
2 determining an operating mode of the sensor assembly;  
3 adjusting a mode of operation of a loop filter in the sensor assembly;  
4 providing feedback loop compensation to the sensor assembly during a  
5 start-up mode of operation for the sensor assembly; and  
6 providing noise shaping to the sensor assembly during a sigma-delta mode  
7 of operation for the sensor assembly.
- 1 11. A multiphase clock generator for providing clock signals for controlling the  
2 operation of a sensor system, comprising:  
3 a digital signal generator; and  
4 a data-independent clock resynchronization circuit coupled to the digital  
5 signal generator.
- 1 12. A sensor simulator for simulating the operation of a sensor, comprising:  
2 a filter adapted to receive one or more input signals and generate an  
3 output signal representative of the operating state of the sensor;  
4 and  
5 an input signal selector operably coupled to the filter adapted to  
6 controllably select the input signals as a function of the simulated  
7 operating state of the sensor.

1 13. A system for testing the operation of a controller in a sensor system,  
2 comprising:  
3 a sensor simulator for simulating the operation of a sensor; and  
4 a controller coupled to the simulator.

1 14. A method of controlling the operation of a sensor system, comprising:  
2 using a controller to apply electrostatic forces to a sensor to create one or  
3 more sensor operating states; and  
4 sequentially arranging the operating states into which the sensor is placed  
5 to create one or more operating modes for the sensor system.

1 15. A feedback control system for providing control to a sensor system,  
2 comprising:  
3 a startup sequencer for selecting the mode of operation of the feedback  
4 control system; and  
5 a loop filter coupled to the startup sequencer.

1 16. A multiphase clock generator for generating clock signals for use within a  
2 sensor system, comprising:  
3 a digital signal generator for generating a first clock signal; and  
4 a clock resynchronization circuit coupled to the digital signal generator for  
5 receiving the first clock signal from the digital signal  
6 generator and resampling the first clock signal to generate a second  
7 clock signal.

1 17. A clock resynchronization circuit for resampling clock signals, comprising:  
2 a plurality of inverters;  
3 a plurality of NOR gates coupled to the inverters;  
4 a plurality of NAND gates coupled to the inverters;  
5 a plurality of XNOR gates coupled to the NAND gates and the inverters;

6 a plurality of asynchronous set double-edge flip-flops coupled to the  
7 NOR gates; and  
8 a plurality of asynchronous reset double-edge flip-flops coupled to the  
9 NOR gates.

1 18. A device for resampling an input signal on a rising edge and a falling edge  
2 of a clock signal, comprising:  
3 a plurality of transmission gates;  
4 one or more NOR gates coupled to the transmission gates; and  
5 a plurality of inverters coupled to the NOR gates and the transmission  
6 gates.

1 19. A device for resampling an input signal on a rising edge and a falling edge  
2 of a clock signal, comprising:  
3 a plurality of transmission gates;  
4 one or more NAND gates coupled to the transmission gates; and  
5 a plurality of inverters coupled to the NAND gates and the transmission  
6 gates.

1 20. A method of generating a clock signal for a sensor assembly, comprising:  
2 generating a first clock signal; and  
3 resampling the first clock signal to generate a second clock signal to  
4 restore signal integrity and provide a timing relationship.

1 21. A method of resampling an input signal, comprising:  
2 resampling the input signal in a first level-sensitive latch, including one or  
3 more transmission gates, one or more NOR gates, and one or more  
4 inverters, on one edge of a clock input signal; and  
5 resampling the input signal in a second level-sensitive latch, including  
6 one or more transmission gates, one or more NOR gates, and one or

7                   more inverters, acting in parallel with the first level-sensitive latch,  
8                   on another edge of the clock input signal.

1   22. A method of resampling an input signal, comprising:  
2                   resampling the input signal in a first level-sensitive latch, including one or  
3                   more transmission gates, one or more NAND gates, and one or  
4                   more inverters, on one edge of a clock input signal; and  
5                   resampling the input signal in a second level-sensitive latch, including  
6                   one or more transmission gates, one or more NAND gates, and  
7                   one or more inverters, acting in parallel with the first level-  
8                   sensitive latch, on another edge of the clock input signal.

1   23. A method of operating an analog control circuit, comprising:  
2                   generating a first clock signal;  
3                   resampling the first clock signal to generate a second clock signal to  
4                   restore signal integrity and provide a proper timing relationship;  
5                   and  
6                   driving the analog control circuit using the second clock signal.

1   24. A controller assembly, comprising:  
2                   a sensor;  
3                   a sensor simulator for simulating the operation of the sensor;  
4                   a controller for controlling the sensor and the sensor simulator; and  
                 a switch for coupling the controller to the sensor or the sensor  
                 simulator.

1   25. A method of testing a controller in a controller assembly, comprising:  
2                   connecting a sensor simulator to the controller;  
3                   supplying an input signal of a known value to the sensor simulator;  
4                   converting the input data to the sensor simulator into an output stream  
5                   from the sensor simulator;

6        sending the output stream from the sensor simulator to the controller;  
7        processing the output stream from the sensor simulator within the  
8                   controller to create an output stream from the controller; and  
9        analyzing the output from the controller to determine the accuracy of the  
10                   controller.

1 26. A method of fabricating a controller assembly for a sensor, comprising:  
2        providing a substrate;  
3        fabricating one or more controllers on the substrate;  
4        fabricating one or more sensor simulators on the substrate; and  
5        coupling the controller and the sensor simulator.

1 27. A method of offsetting the effects of external acceleration forces on a  
2        sensor, independent of an orientation of the sensor, comprising:  
3        applying electrostatic forces to the sensor to offset the effects of the  
4        acceleration force.